

ULK2 Antibody (Internal)

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS16022

Specification

ULK2 Antibody (Internal) - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality
Calculated MW

Dilution

WB, IHC-P, IF, E

OBIYT8

Human

Rabbit

Polyclonal

113kDa KDa

WB~~1:1000

IHC-P~~N/A

IF~~1:50~200

E~~N/A

ULK2 Antibody (Internal) - Additional Information

Gene ID 9706

Other Names

Serine/threonine-protein kinase ULK2, 2.7.11.1, Unc-51-like kinase 2, ULK2, KIAA0623

Target/Specificity

At least two isoforms of ULK2 are known to exist; this antibody will detect both isoforms. ULK2 antibody is predicted to not cross-react with ULK1.

Reconstitution & Storage

Long term: -20°C; Short term: +4°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

ULK2 Antibody (Internal) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ULK2 Antibody (Internal) - Protein Information

Name ULK2

Synonyms KIAA0623

Function

Serine/threonine-protein kinase involved in autophagy in response to starvation. Acts upstream of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase PIK3C3 to regulate the formation of autophagophores, the precursors of autophagosomes. Part of regulatory feedback loops in autophagy: acts both as a downstream effector and a negative regulator of mammalian target of rapamycin complex 1 (mTORC1) via interaction with RPTOR. Activated via phosphorylation by AMPK, also acts as a negative regulator of AMPK through phosphorylation of the AMPK subunits PRKAA1, PRKAB2 and PRKAG1. May





phosphorylate ATG13/KIAA0652, FRS2, FRS3 and RPTOR; however such data need additional evidences. Not involved in ammonia-induced autophagy or in autophagic response of cerebellar granule neurons (CGN) to low potassium concentration. Plays a role early in neuronal differentiation and is required for granule cell axon formation: may govern axon formation via Ras-like GTPase signaling and through regulation of the Rab5-mediated endocytic pathways within

Cellular Location

developing axons.

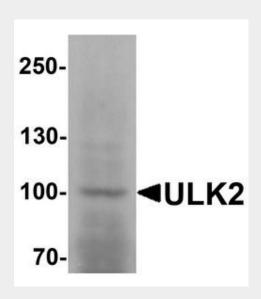
Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Note=Localizes to pre-autophagosomal membrane

ULK2 Antibody (Internal) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

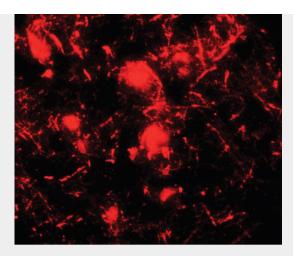
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

ULK2 Antibody (Internal) - Images

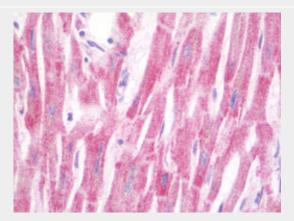


Western blot analysis of ULK2 in human brain tissue lysate with ULK2 antibody at 1 ug/ml.

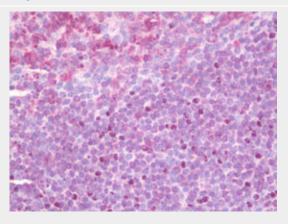




Immunofluorescence of ULK2 in human brain tissue with ULK2 antibody at 20 ug/ml.



Anti-ULK2 antibody IHC staining of human heart.



Anti-ULK2 antibody IHC staining of human tonsil.

ULK2 Antibody (Internal) - Background

Serine/threonine-protein kinase involved in autophagy in response to starvation. Acts upstream of phosphatidylinositol 3- kinase PIK3C3 to regulate the formation of autophagophores, the precursors of autophagosomes. Part of regulatory feedback loops in autophagy: acts both as a downstream effector and a negative regulator of mammalian target of rapamycin complex 1 (mTORC1) via interaction with RPTOR. Activated via phosphorylation by AMPK, also acts as a negative regulator of AMPK through phosphorylation of the AMPK subunits PRKAA1, PRKAB2 and PRKAG1. May phosphorylate ATG13/KIAA0652, FRS2, FRS3 and RPTOR; however such data need additional evidences. Not involved in ammonia-induced autophagy or in autophagic response of cerebellar



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granule neurons (CGN) to low potassium concentration. Plays a role early in neuronal differentiation and is required for granule cell axon formation: may govern axon formation via Ras-like GTPase signaling and through regulation of the Rab5-mediated endocytic pathways within developing axons.

ULK2 Antibody (Internal) - References

Ishikawa K., et al. DNA Res. 5:169-176(1998). Zody M.C., et al. Nature 440:1045-1049(2006). Chan E.Y.W., et al. Mol. Cell. Biol. 29:157-171(2009). Lee E.J., et al. Autophagy 7:689-695(2011). Loffler A.S., et al. Autophagy 7:696-706(2011).